

EclaireXL - Bug #6

HDMI audio poor quality

04/04/2017 09:06 PM - admin

Status:	Closed	Start date:	04/04/2017
Priority:	Normal	Due date:	
Assignee:		% Done:	0%
Category:		Estimated time:	0:00 hour
Target version:			
Description			
I removed a low division in the audio output to meet timing. I suspect this should be replaced with a proper low pass filter.			
Related issues:			
Related to Bug #31: HDMI Audio generate high pitch noise (Core 8)		Closed	06/01/2017
Related to Bug #69: Some TVs confused by hdmi audio		New	06/07/2018

History

#1 - 06/02/2017 07:09 AM - foft

- Related to Bug #31: HDMI Audio generate high pitch noise (Core 8) added

#2 - 05/28/2018 09:49 PM - foft

1. Is the time between this always the same? If so can dls the sound quality poor because I removed the divide?
2. If so, does the divide happen at a consistent period? If so I can scale/multiply then divide by power of two.
3. Or is the sound quality poor because I just got signed/unsigned wrong?

I guess I can simply generate/feed in a signed/unsigned sine wave and see what comes out to start with...

#3 - 06/02/2018 08:01 PM - foft

The biggest issue with this appears to be that I need to send signed samples. Changed that and its sounding much better.

#4 - 06/03/2018 08:35 PM - foft

Investigating resampling high frequencies to 48KHz with some plots in Octave. The average that I removed wasn't a bad simple low pass filter (though didn't meet timing...). The way I did it (just sample) sucks, quite frankly. Any high frequency noise is aliased down to a nice squeal. Investigating some simple 'fpga-friendly' options in Octave.

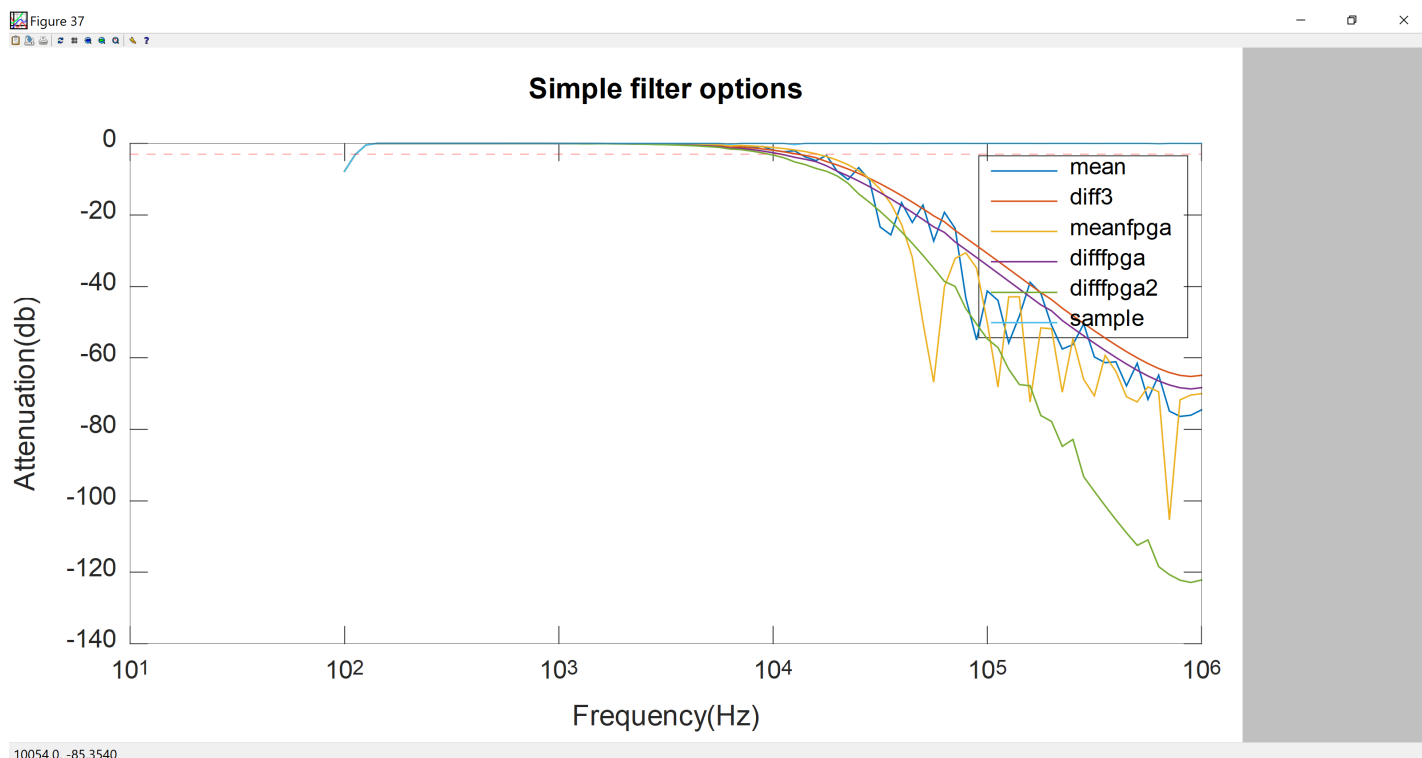
#5 - 06/04/2018 09:58 PM - foft

- File *filter_performance.png* added

Trying out various options in Octave.

sample = current method (just take the current value), flat line at top!
mean = mean of last n samples (which did not meet timing due to expensive division)
meanfpga = mean of last 32 samples (easy division)
diff3 = at 1.79MHz apply: out = out + (in-out)*3/(48000/1790000)
difffpga = at 1.79MHz apply: out = out + (in-out)/16 (i.e. like 1st order RC filter)
difffpga2 = at 1.79MHz apply: out = out + (in-out)/16, then out = out + (in-out)/8 (i.e. like 2nd order RC filter)

Planning to use difffpga2, just a subtract and addition and bit shift or two.



#6 - 06/04/2018 10:00 PM - foft

Could look into FIR and IIR filters, but to be honest this seems very lightweight and to work well. Will implement and see what it sounds like!

#7 - 06/05/2018 09:07 PM - foft

Wired this up and sounding much better.

Unfortunately [@Farb](#) seems to have completely different symptoms! <https://photos.app.goo.gl/c3VMPp0XY7nlaJBG3>. Here jumpman is sounding good, even before the filter.

#8 - 06/07/2018 06:42 AM - foft

- Status changed from New to Closed

#9 - 06/07/2018 06:44 AM - foft

- Related to Bug #69: Some TVs confused by hdmi audio added

Files

filter_performance.png	180 KB	06/04/2018	foft
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